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Vol. I. EDMONTON, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1910. N. 263.

Second Session of Second Legislature Opens

PICTURESQUE SCENES TODAY

Great Crowd Thronged Legislative Buildings This Afternoon When Governor in Brilliant Uniform Opened Session—The Speech From the Throne—A. & G.W. Report Presented

Before one of the largest crowds that has ever forced its way into the legislative chambers, a crowd that surpassed the largest crowd that ever attended the most exciting day of last session when the Alberta & Great Waterways debate was in full swing, Lieutenant-Governor Bulger opened the second session of the second legislature of Alberta this afternoon. Long before three o'clock a steady stream of humanity made its way in the direction of the parliament buildings, and as the members came along close to the hour of the opening, they had to force their way through to get to the private entrance by which they gained admittance to the house. Inside the hall was packed to suffocation, while outside, at every window and at every door an anxious crowd of lookers-on craned their necks and strained their ears in an endeavor to get a glimpse or hear what was going on inside. At each door a mounted policeman stood guard. At the public entrance the door was locked, but time and time again the officer on guard had to lean his weight against it in order to keep it from being forced in by the crowd that clamored noisily for entrance. At the member's door the pressmen and others had to show their admission cards before the door was opened, and even then the general public would try to squeeze in with the fortunate holders of tickets, and many were only ejected after they had gained a precarious but precarious hold on the threshold of the door. For over an hour the hubbub kept up and then the steady tramp of the escort from the tourist funders was heard. As the escort came into view around the corner close in front of the doors and windows fell back. Those inside noticed the sudden cessation of the noise, and then in tones that rang clear despite the fact that the officer was outside the building came the command "March, halt." With a crash the rifles were brought to the ground and the next few minutes were spent in dressing the order to await the arrival of the lieutenant-governor. Finally the line was straightened and then, despite the cold, the soldiers stood at stiff attention. It was only for a few minutes however, for the jangling of accoutrements, the crunching of iron shoe heels on the snow, and finally the first section of the escort of the 10th A.M.R. swinging into view announced the coming of the Lieutenant-Governor. With a hoarse yell he commanded the cavalrymen to dismount and to a halt and lined up facing the carriage. "General Salter—Carry arms" came short and sharp, and the rifles were swung to the present while the Honor stood up in the carriage with his hand to his hat as a token of salute. Meanwhile the cavalry trumpets were blowing forth the "General."

(Continued on page eight)

REVOLUTION SPIRIT SPREADS OVER THE WHOLE OF EUROPE

Europe Experiencing a Shaking up and Map May be Changed Soon

FEDERATION OF LATIN NATIONS A POSSIBILITY

LONDON, Nov. 10.—Not since the days of the first Napoleon has the whole of Europe had such a general shaking up as it is going through at the present time.

Probably everyone will concede that a revolution in England, Germany, or France would be a pretty important event. Or that a federation of France, Spain, Portugal, and Italy would be of interest to the entire world. Or that the birth of a Balkan nation of the size and population of France would affect international politics all over Europe. Or that the absorption of Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Holland, and Belgium by their more powerful neighbors would stir things up in a way not to be forgotten in a hurry. Not one alone, but all of these things may be confidently anticipated within the next few years.

It is by no mere accident that revolution is simmering in so many countries at once. The thing is more or less a single, united movement. For one thing, no doubt the time was ripe for it. For another, the successful revolutions which have already occurred in Turkey and Portugal have encouraged the revolutionists everywhere else. And for a third, the recent rapid increase in the cost of living has driven the masses to desperation and so precipitated matters.

Turkey has already had its revolution. So has Portugal. Spain will probably come next. It will certainly have a revolution very soon. Then Spain and Portugal are sure to join forces under a single Federal Government—a Republic.

Italy has not been much talked about of late as a revolutionary center, but there has been a strong revolutionary movement there. The success of the Portuguese revolution has strengthened it. The outlook for the monarchy is very critical in Italy just now. A revolution in Spain will inevitably mean one in Italy very soon afterward.

The railroad strike in France and the resignation of Premier Briand are things political here. Inasmuch as it is a republic, it seems to be the popular idea outside its frontiers that France is really a "free country." As a matter of fact, it is nothing of the kind. It is ruled by a small group of

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MARKET WILL NOT REDUCE PRICE OF BUTTER AND EGGS

Secretary Fisher of Board of Trade Thinks Establishment of Market Will Not Materially Affect Prices of Vegetables—Cold Storage Plant Needed.

It is the opinion of Mr. Fisher, secretary of the Board of Trade, that the market will not solve the question of the high prices of vegetables, poultry and dairy products that prevail.

"It might serve as a check on the wholesalers and grocers, but what we want is not a market but a supply. If we get the supply the distribution will adjust itself and prices will drop."

Taft to Panama

Charlestown, S. C., Nov. 10.—President Taft sailed today for Isthmus of Panama to investigate conditions in connection with work on the big canal.

ARMSTRONG IS FIRST MAN UP

Announces Nomination at Meeting as Candidate for Coming Mayoralty Contest

HAS SEVERAL PLANKS

One Is to Finish All Incomplete Municipal Work Before Starting More

To the Electors of the City of Edmonton:

Ladies and Gentlemen—At the request of a large number of ratepayers I have consented to be a candidate for Mayor at the coming municipal election. My platform and address to the electorate will appear in the press in a few days.

Respectfully yours,
GEO. S. ARMSTRONG.

The foregoing is the personal announcement of George S. Armstrong, druggist, that he is a candidate for Mayor in the selection of a firm to undertake for the year 1911.

At a meeting held in the Alberta sample room at McDougall avenue last evening George S. Armstrong was placed in nomination for the mayoralty at the coming elections. Mr. Armstrong has consented to the nomination and a meeting of the electors will be held in a few days to which the public will be invited and at which Mr. Armstrong's opinions and platform will be presented.

It is understood that among the planks are the following points: That work of the city legion and staff unfinished should be completed before further operations are started. That the neglect of public utilities should be effectively stopped since there is over \$100,000 out of the city cash in the bank accruing from debentures and taxes.

That arrears of all kinds should be collected forthwith.

(Continued on page 5)

CONSERVATIVES SEE VICTORY WILL COMMENCE EXTENSIVE ADVERTISING CAMPAIGN—ALL DELEGATES ARE FEELING ELATED

The outcome of the Conservative convention yesterday, and the election of E. C. Michener as leader of the party in the province, is causing a great deal of talk in the hotel lobbies today.

It was stated freely that a good sum for organization purposes had been subscribed by leading Conservatives in the province at yesterday's meeting, and on good authority it is stated that this money will be spent among various newspapers in Alberta.

"We will not try to own any one single paper," said one delegate today, "but if necessary we will buy advertising space in every paper in Alberta and spend this money in a way that it will do some good to the party. We have been paying out good money for nothing for too long, and we won't do it again."

A very optimistic feeling is noticed among all the delegates, who appear to be elated at the turn events have taken.

"The present political situation is such that in a few short months, week or even days, we must win out," said one delegate.

"Let the elections be delayed as long as possible," counselled another, "for then our organization will be stronger and our victory surer."

Mingled with his elation, however, there is a keen feeling of disappointment that R. B. Bennett of Calgary refused the leadership of the party.

Several speakers yesterday urged him to make personal sacrifices for the sake of the party, but his reply of "The Duty" dashed their hopes to the ground.

Mr. Bennett himself, however, is confident that Mr. Michener, the new leader, will do all that is expected of him and more.

"He is a well balanced man, keen and conscientious, and has a clear, concise way of putting his thoughts into words, and always means what he says," he said this morning.

Among several of the Liberal members the feeling is that Mr. Michener's election was a diplomatic move to take him from the ranks of the independents and put him in the opposition as a straight Conservative. The same view is also taken regarding the admission of Mr. Patterson, the independent member from Macleod, to the proceedings of the convention yesterday, and it is being said that while Mr. Michener will be leader in name, the real power behind the throne will still be R. B. Bennett.

Many of the delegates to the Conservative convention are remaining over for the opening of the Legislature this afternoon, though several of them left for their homes last night and this morning.

BENNETT STILL THE DARLING OF ALBERTA CONSERVATIVES

(As Prolonged Applause Clearly Shows)

RECEIVED GREAT OVATION WHEN HE ROSE TO SPEAK AT CONSERVATIVE CONVENTION YESTERDAY—MANY SPEECHES WERE MADE AND ENTHUSIASM RAN RIOT—MICHERNER AS LEADER.

By the unanimous voice of the convention, E. C. Michener, M. L. A. for Red Deer, was yesterday chosen leader of the Conservative party in Alberta. His selection was forecasted at the caucus held in Wetaskiwin the previous night, following the announcement that neither Mr. McGrath nor R. B. Bennett would accept the job.

Both Mr. Bennett and Fred Morrison allowed their names to be mentioned in connection with leadership, but the former withdrew in favor of Mr. Michener. A strong delegation from Vegreville and Vermilion backed Mr. Michener and at the last moment Mr. Bennett smothered the troubled waters and declared for Michener.

The convention was crowded with strong party men from nearly every constituency in the province and very little time was wasted in campaign oratory. Dr. Brett of Banff, called the gathering to order in outmost hall at ten o'clock and after examination of delegates credentials he delivered a short address reviewing the work of the Conservative association for the past year. A set of resolutions passed at the Wetaskiwin caucus was then submitted for discussion and a lively debate ensued. A rider was embodied in the resolutions that the party make an effort to secure a six weeks campaign tour in Alberta of Hon. R. L. Borden. This was hailed with cheers and noisy hand clapping.

The afternoon session was filled with electrifying speeches. Major Griegshead in a stirring address moved the nomination of Mr. R. B. Bennett and was eloquently seconded by Mr. T. J. McDougall of Calgary. Mr. Bennett arose bravely and begged the convention not to treat his friends' intentions to make him leader, too seriously, as he yet had something to say as to the desirability of the move. He went on to say that his refusal of the nomination was not prompted from any desire to shirk the responsible position of leader, but on the contrary his business connections were such that it was worse than useless for the convention to consider him in the light of leader. Mr. Bennett's voice was hardly audible during the clamor and cheers that assailed him as he arose from his seat. The cheering lasted fully three minutes and his refusal of the nomination went unheard.

The entire convention yelled the name of "Bennett" as they never yelled before even in their palmyest yelling days. The emotion touched the Calgarians on and on and his voice shook with emotion as he attempted to speak his feelings.

"I am in the house of my friends," he got no further. The cheering broke out afresh and not until the delegates exhausted their rotatory energy, having made it plain that he would not stand for the job, he asked the convention to look around for a suitable man. The names of Mr. Michener and Mr. Morrison were then submitted and the admirers of both men rose, the talkers and the convention enjoyed everything from a vacillatory to a speech from the throne. The talk skittish was kept up for fully an hour, before the choice fell upon Mr. Michener.

The new leader took the floor and sprinkled his speech with honest declarations and sound reason. "If I have to have that success that makes a great party what it is, then I must have an organization behind me," he declared. "If I am to be leader, then I want success to crown my efforts. If the Conservative party is to be a great party, we must have organization and harmony, one qualifies the other."

This kind of talk evidently caught on with the convention and the delegates concluded they had made a wise selection.

At this point Mr. Bennett got up and said he would vacate the leaders seat in the house in favor of Mr. Michener and he felt sure the seat would not only hold an able man, but a determined one.

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FIFTY TYPHOID CASES (IN TOWN AT PRESENT) HALF FROM OUT OF CITY

Many Fever Patients in Hospitals But no Epidemic Evident

In the Hospitals in Edmonton at the present moment there are about fifty typhoid patients. For a city the size of Edmonton this seemed to be rather a large amount and the Daily Capital accordingly called up Dr. Whitelaw, the Medical Health officer, to get his opinion on the matter.

"Isn't that rather a large number, doctor?" the Capital asked.

"Well, yes, it is rather big," was the reply, "but I think you will find that more of them came from the outside." It may be safely taken that one half of this number came from the outlying districts and that there are not more than twenty-five local patients in the hospitals.

Of the outside sufferers a good percentage have come from the main line west of the Grand Trunk Pacific. Only a short while ago a family of six

were taken to the Misericordia from Wolf Creek. A number of G. T. P. men who are still in the hospital are recovering from the effects of typhoid while one was only liberated a few days ago.

Typhoid is not to be confused with mountain fever of which there have been a number of cases from the west. Mountain fever is a disease that holds sway in certain parts of Russia. The temperature rises very quickly and the fever is much like influenza. It has an extremely wasting effect on the body. A G. T. P. surveyor came to town a few days ago having been in the hospital at Edmonton with mountain fever. He was nothing but skin and bone—"but you should have seen me when I was in the middle of the fever," he said when his condition was remarked on. "I was nothing but a shadow." The men from the west are perplexed as to how the epidemic of fever got started as it is only found where there are large tracts of swampy country. In the west this year the country has been very dry so that it could hardly be the cause.

(Continued on page 5)

ABDUCTOR OF YOUNG GIRL IS ARRESTED

Middle Aged Man With Girl of Fourteen, Aroused Suspicion of Train Conductor

ARE FROM SASKATOON

Registered at Hotel as Brother and Sister But Police Arrested Man—Wire Came Later

Tonight Sam Troke will be on his way to Saskatoon in the charge of a R.N.W.M.P. policeman to stand his trial for abduction.

Troke and a girl of 14 years of age were seen on the C. N. R. train from Saskatoon yesterday by a C. N. R. conductor. The conductor knew that Troke had said that he and the girl were brother and sister and the way that he was behaving did not seem to be very brotherly. He was rather too affectionate for a brother and the conductor accordingly became suspicious. When he arrived in Edmonton, therefore, he told the local police of his suspicions and Detective Seymour got on Troke's trail.

Troke and the girl registered at the Cecil Hotel last night as brother and sister, and this morning Troke was arrested on suspicion and the girl sent to the Children's Aid society.

The suspicions of the police were confirmed this morning at 10.30 when they received a wire from the chief of police at Saskatoon, asking that Troke be arrested as a warrant was out against him. Chief Lancy immediately wired back to say that he had been arrested and was being kept pending instructions. A mounted policeman will arrive from Saskatoon tonight to take him back.

The girl who is at present unknown, is only fourteen years of age. She had no valuables with her or anything to make an abduction worth while, except for herself personally.

Troke is a short middle-aged man of not much intonation the police have not been able to discover. He has not come into the notice of the Edmonton police before.

PLASTERERS ARE WELL OFF

Get More Here Than in a Great Many Cities on the old Continent

CONDITIONS ARE GOOD

In Many Cities Bricklayers Paid More Than Plasterers—Only Three Give Less

The Builders' Exchange refuse to make any statement with regard to the present plasterers strike or the grounds for their issuing the ultimatum. It is learned, though, that one of their chief grievances is that the wages of the plasterers is out of all proportion to that of the other trades in Edmonton. Of building trades,

(Continued on page 5)

DIDN'T BRING LICPENSE

Charged with selling liquor after hours, and narrowly escaping being committed for contempt of court, Gustave Geisler left the mounted police barracks yesterday a badly scared man, but he will return again at five o'clock tonight.

Although Geisler had been specially instructed to bring his license with him when the case came up for trial he failed to do so, and it was this failure that caused J. A. Clark, who was appearing for the crown, to attempt to have him committed for contempt.

Inspector Morsley, however, did not grant the request, although he severely censured Geisler and gave him until five o'clock this evening to produce the license. The case will be tried at that time.

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CALGARY—Alberta Hotel.
STRATHCONA—Strathcona Investment Co.

THE CONSERVATIVE SEANCE TO DISCOVER A LEADER.

Once again the Conservatives are in session in search of a leader.

In his classic scouting tour in quest of an honest man Diogenes had a comparatively simple task compared to these Conservatives. The cynical Grecian at least had the advantage of a lantern, but the Conservatives close the doors, let down the telephone receiver and stuff the keyhole. They want a man to appeal to popular favor, and lest anyone should discover by what strange sorcery they ascertain who among them has the magnetism and compulsion to attract the free and independent they go into camera session with all wires down and the blinds drawn.

It is a free country and every political party should have its own choice about how to select its leader, but there is something uncanny about the secrecy of these delegated representatives who come all the way from Banff and Calgary to hold their seance. The whole thing is suggestive of occultism, spiritualism, mysticism, and an application of the powers of divination.

Of course there may be nothing wrong about the conservative system of selecting a leader, but their determination to allow no light on their processes is alone an inspiration to curiosity.

In the light of the fact that the Free Masons and other fraternal societies are allowed the privilege of secret meetings it would scarcely be in order for the police to force the doors and discover of what the ceremony consisted, but if the Conservatives are going in for such exclusiveness they should at least be required to take out a charter as a fraternal society.

NO EXCUSE FOR FURTHER DELAY.

In the session of the legislature which opens today there is much important business, but probably none more important for the city of Edmonton than that which has to do with the construction of a road into the north country.

The country has heard a great deal about the Waterways within the past year, but for reasons too well known to require repetition there has been more controversy than construction. The money which has already been spent in paying legislative indemnities and in royal commission costs would have gone a considerable way toward the construction of a road from Edmonton toward the Athabasca, and for this expenditure the country has reaped nothing but the doubtful pleasure of seeing a fight. The Capital has always maintained that the attack on the Waterways bargain was groundless, but on that point there will soon be no more room for further argument as the Waterways commission report is to be public property within a few hours and when that has been tabled the findings will constitute the answer to the allegations which were made, beyond which there is nothing to be said.

The paramount demand now is that the road be built, and that without delay. Edmonton stands on the fringe of an empire of wealth in which storehouses of mineral and timber and vast areas of agricultural land await the coming of the railroad and the white man. Until a road is built these resources cannot be turned to account and the city of Edmonton cannot come into its own.

It makes comparatively little difference to the people of this city or this province, who becomes the constructors of the road, so long as the interests of the province are protected. Should the government follow the precedent of the Province of Ontario and arrange for construction by contract under a competent commission no fair minded man could find fault. What arrangement may be made with the original franchise holders is a matter of little moment so long as that arrangement is one in which the province is not sacrificed. But the time for blocking the progress of the country by unreasonable opposition to the road on no other ground than that it taps a country hitherto untouched has passed and the patience of the public is not likely to abide by a great deal more of such tactics.

The country needs the road, the experience of the province with colonization roads to date shows that the policy upon which it is provided for is a wise policy, and the time when it should have been constructed has already past. There is no excuse for further delay.

RAILWAYS CONSTRUCTED UNDER GUARANTEE.

In pursuance of the railway policy adopted by the Alberta government more than 500 miles of railway have been built in this province and are now ready for operation.

In the year 1910 alone 265 miles of road have been built.

The construction carried out this year consists of 110 miles on the Canadian Northern Calgary branch; 30 miles on the Canadian Northern Landing branch and 125 miles on the Grand Trunk Pacific Calgary branch.

These roads are guaranteed to the extent of \$13,000 per mile. The province has not been asked to pay one dollar on account of that guarantee and never will. Only small sections of these roads remain to be completed.

Except for main lines, which are built under arrangement with the Dominion government, only 35 miles of road, on the Brazeau branch, was constructed without guarantee.

By the construction of these roads more first class agricultural land has been brought close to market than was previously cultivated in the entire province, and the settlement and cultivation of the country is keeping pace with the construction of railways.

These facts are worth remembering in considering the railway question as it affects Edmonton and the Province of Alberta.

MAINE'S FISHING LAWS.

(From the Cleveland Plain Dealer.)

Old Isaac Walton would chuckle with delight over that recent decision of the Maine Supreme Court which hands down the opinion that a fisherman can have access to any body of water in that State where there are fish to be caught—no matter whether the land he tramps across in getting there. In other words, lakes or ponds cannot be made private property. It may be a queer decision, but Maine will have to abide by it.

NOT MORE, BUT BETTER CHILDREN.

(Greenwood Ledger.)

The world needs fewer and better children. The breeding and raising of children should be reduced to a science so that the world will contain as nearly as possible people who are perfect mentally and physically. This is the real way to make life worth living on this mundane sphere. While the world is filled with invalids, lunatics and misfits, the carnival of crime, disease and misery will ever be in the limelight.

THE FEARLESS NEW ZEALANDERS.

(Hamilton Spectator.)

One cannot but admire the fearless spirit which characterizes the government of New Zealand. Nothing in the direction of advance legislation seems to have terrors for these people. Now that they are threatened with invasion by the great American meat trust, their government announces that it will nationalize the meat industry, which act, it is believed, will effectively put the trust out of business.

CANADA BADLY "LAID OUT."

The destruction of our forests recalls a curious criticism made once by a prominent lumberman who was a member of the House of Commons. He alleged that Canada had not been properly "laid out." The seaboard Provinces and Ontario should have been prairie and Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta should have been forest. The hardy pioneers, who came from the old country could thus have been saved a lot of work, and the forests would still be in existence. As it was, they had to chop and log and burn and stump, while beyond them, farther west, was the wheatland that required no such work.

THE JEWS OF NEW YORK.

The director of the New York Jewish Evangelization Society has lately issued a booklet, published by the Brooklyn Bible Society, giving startling figures of the coming of Jews to the Metropolis (says the Boston Transcript). He says there are about 1,100,000 Jewish people in Greater New York, or over twenty-six per cent. of the entire population; while in Paris and London there are a trifle over two per cent.; in Chicago, three and a half per cent.; in Berlin, nearly five; in Constantinople, nearly six; Montreal, seven; Vienna, nearly nine; Amsterdam, eleven; Warsaw, thirty-three; Lodz, Russia, forty-seven; and in Jerusalem, fifty-five. Fully ninety per cent. of the Jewish people in the United States are in the large towns and cities, preponderating in New York. There are three thousand Jewish lawyers and one thousand Jewish physicians there, and more than 75 per cent. of the students in Normal College are Jewesses.

PATRIOTISM.

Not the mere holding a great flag unfurled—But making it the goodliest in the world.—W. J. Linton.

SUIT OF CLOTHES OF STONE

Unique Exhibit by New York Dealer.
Made of Fabric Imported from Russia.

New York, Nov. 10.—A suit of clothes made of stone is being shown by a Broadway dealer. The fabric from which they are made was imported from Russia. It is manufactured from the fiber of a filamentous stone from the Siberian mines. The material is soft and pliable and when soaked has only to be placed in a fire to be made clean.

RACES 75 MILES FOR 23 CENTS

Brewery Driver Chases Beer Thief on Train and on Foot and Brings Him Back to Police.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 10.—While Alvin Pike was delivering a case of beer to a customer he observed a young man take three bottles from the wagon and run. Pike started in pursuit. The thief boarded a Great Northern passenger train at a crossing. Pike also jumped aboard.

The two men were unable to get off until the train reached Everett, when the thief broke away and ran toward Edmonds. Pike followed and overtook the man four miles from Everett. He dragged him back in town and brought him to Seattle on the next train.

Meanwhile the customer telephoned the brewery and explained the absence of the driver. The thief was turned over to the police. The race was seventy-six miles in all. The value of the theft was 23 cents.

BALLOON CROSSES CHANNEL; FAILS TO MAKE PARIS FLIGHT

Welshman Compelled to Descend in Province of Pas-de-Calais When Leaky Tube Lets Gas Escape

Corbehen, France, Nov. 10.—Crist Willows, the young Welshman, and his crew, who attempted a London-to-Paris flight in a dirigible balloon, crossed the English channel successfully, but were obliged to descend here in the Pas-de-Calais province, south and east of the Strait of Dover, because of a rupture of a tube, which caused a serious loss of gas. Willows' plans to resume the trip to Paris tomorrow morning. In landing the understructure of the airship was damaged and repairs are being effected.

The aeronauts left Wormwood Scrubs, near London, at 3:25 o'clock yesterday afternoon. They slipped over the English coast at 6:30 o'clock last evening and for two hours were lost in a fog that hung over the channel. During this time they suffered intensely from cold.

At 8:30 o'clock they sighted the French coast and later passed over a river, probably the Somme. They floated about in the darkness until 2 o'clock this morning, by which time so much gas had escaped that they were obliged to descend.

WOMAN LIKES COLLEGE YELL

Buffalo Educator Says It Serves Admirably as Outlet for "Cussedness."

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 10.—Dr. Ida Bender, assistant superintendent of science at Buffalo, N. Y., defended the college yell at the closing session of the Iowa Teachers' State association today. Dr. Bender said the college yell allowed the escape of "cussedness" that otherwise would be devoted to some more serious pastime.

FAT POLICEMAN QUITS JOB

Kansas City Patrolman Says He Cannot Keep Down His Weight Walking a Beat

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 10.—Herbert Hartman, who weighs 305 pounds, quit the local police force yesterday because he became too fat on his job. "When I joined the force five years ago I weighed 220 pounds," said Hartman. "Regardless of my efforts to keep trained down to my normal weight I put on flesh. I am turning in my club and stir and am going in to the Ozarks, where I can train down."

One of Hartman's duties was to act as drill squad meetings in Convention hall. He quit just in time to miss one.

A want ad in the Daily Capital today will "turn into money" something that is worth money—even if "second-hand."

Dr. de Van's Female Pills

A valuable French remedy for female ailments. These pills are exceedingly powerful in regulating the generative portion of the female system. Relief all cheap imitations. Dr. de Van's are sold at all drug stores or by mail. Mailed to any address. The Reckell Drug Co., Inc., Chattanooga, Ont.

MAKE PREPARATIONS

The meeting of the Civic Committee, composed of the Mayor and Aldermen, Garvey, Armstrong, and Lundy appointed to prepare for the sessions of the Royal Commission on Technical Education, to open here next Thursday has been set definitely for Monday morning. All associations of higher Strathcona or Edmonton are invited to be represented.

Capital Ads. Bring Results.

City of Edmonton

Voters' List, 1910

Public Notice is hereby given that the voters' list of the City of Edmonton has been compiled and printed and copies thereof are posted in the following places:

City Hall, Post Office, Ingleswood Lumber Co.'s Office, Park St., Street Railway Waiting Rooms—21st Street on street, and Alberta Avenue. Despot's store, 1112 Jasper W. Chas. Hall's Store, corner of 7th and Jasper; Capital Mercantile Store, corner of 4th and Jasper; Kelly and Moore's Store, 50 Jasper E.; Ross Bros. Hardware Store, 341 Jasper E.; W. L. Jones & Son, 865 First St.; Edmond, Lieman's Store, at Saskatchewan Ave. (Rose Plats); North End Store, Norwood, Boulevard; Armstrong's Drug Store, 427 Namayo Ave.; Speer's Store, 875 4th street; Noble's Store, 1026 Third St.; and Lovett Bros. Store, 1019 Jasper E.

The Voters' List for the current year contains four polling divisions, a sub poll in each—eight polling booths in all. Polling division No. 1 contains all west of Ninth St.; Polling Division No. 2 contains all between First and Ninth Sts. and River Lot 4; Polling Division No. 3, all east of First and South of Clark, except River Lot 4; Polling Division No. 4, all east of First and north of Clark.

All appeals must be served on the Assessor before 12 o'clock noon of November 15th, 1910.

THE CITY COMMISSIONERS will sit at a Court of Revision to revise the said Voters' List on Tuesday the 15th day of November, 1910, at 3 P. M. Forms of Appeal can be seen on the second page of the Voters' List, and blank forms can be obtained at this office.

D. M. McMillan, City Assessor.

Edmonton, November 5th, 1910.
Nov. 10-12

SUN FIRE

The oldest Insurance Office in the world
FOUNDED A.D. 1710
HOME OFFICE: LONDON, ENGLAND
Canadian Branch, Sun Building, Toronto, H. M. Blackburn, Manager.
KIRKPATRICK & PATE, .. . Edmonton Agents.

To Pay Rent is a Waste of Money—Own Your Own Home

We Lend Money to Build on Small Payments

B.C. Permanent Loan Company
Builders to your order—in reach of all.

Kirkpatrick and Pate,
116-McDougall Avenue Phone 1297

GOOD GOLD MINE

McEACHERN Bros., of this city, have just received some splendid samples from a property, in which they are interested which promises to rival the famous Treadwell mine. This property is situated on the Columbia River, about nine miles below Revelstoke and is known as the Revelstoke Group.

The quartz is a free milling and from a vein over 300 feet in width and uncovered for a mile and a quarter back from the river. Over 30 assays taken from the property show values ranging from six to two hundred and seventy-six dollars to the ton.

Nature seems to have done every thing possible to help open up this property. Besides thousands of tons of ore broken down off the face, a fissure over 80 feet in depth and running across the lead makes a splendid beginning for a tunnel. A waterfall capable of running a hundred stamp-mill and supplying electric power and light for a good sized town drops down the mountain across the claims.

Natural gas is escaping from several places on the property, which when covered and led off burns freely.

Experts who have examined the property declare it one of the best of prospects in the country and a company will be formed in the spring to develop this end of it. A company of American capitalists has already been formed to drill for oil on other claims in the vicinity.

Strawberry Lemonade.
The juice left in a jar of strawberries after the fruit has been sent to the table will make a delicious drink if a little lemon juice and ice water are added to it.

Old Olive Trees.
There are eight olive trees on the Mount of Olives, near Jerusalem, which were known to have been flourishing in 1000.

Indian Swimmers.
Some of the Indians of South America are powerful swimmers and use the stroke popularly known as the "Australian crawl" which, however, they discovered for themselves.

The Glowworm.
Despite the fact science has been puzzling over the problem for many years—experimenting and analyzing and dissecting—the glowworm's secret is still unsolved. We know very little more about its mysterious luminescence light the experts call it—than did our forefathers. Even its purpose is still hidden.

Chivalry.
Chivalry is from chevalier and simply means a horseman, originally used to distinguish one who rode from one who went to the wars afoot.

Spider Silk.
Size for size, a thread of spider silk is tougher than a bar of steel. An ordinary thread will bear a weight of three grains. This is as strong again as a steel thread of the same thickness.

BUY IN

North Jasper Place

NOW

Not when all West End property has advanced to two or three times its present value, as it undoubtedly will in the Spring.

Take a look at the city map and see if you can duplicate prices anywhere else in the City, then call and secure as many lots as you can handle.

They are Money Makers

Lots \$100 to \$150 each

\$10.00 Down and \$10.00 per month.

McEACHERN BROS.

Phone 2023

324 Jasper East

Baseball
Cricket
Football
Bowling
Basketball

News and Views of Sports at Home and Abroad

Rowing
Lacrosse
Athletics
The Ring
Wrestling

THE FUNNY SIDE OF FOOTBALL

Incidents That Have Amused Those on Inside But Public Have Passed Unnoticed

(By W. A. Hewitt.)

The funny side of football does not strike the average spectator of a Rugby game because he is too much interested in the outcome of the match to look for the comic features.

But there are plenty of odd happenings which serve to lend zest to the game and amusement to those on the inside and thereby minimize the intense seriousness of the struggle on the grid-iron.

Eddie Gleason's Mannerisms.

In the plucky days of Eddie Gleason it was not his mannerisms that made him famous, but his sterling qualities as a football player. Yet one could not suppress a smile when Eddie was about to make a catch, as he invariably wiped his nose with his right hand several times before grabbing the ball in his arms. They used to say the rub gave him confidence, and he seldom missed a catch.

Casey Took Off His Boots.

Casey Baldwin, of immortal memory, at Varsity used to talk to the moon and the stars when he got thoroughly warmed up to his work, and the little discourse on astrology was probably the foundation of his subsequent attempts to conquer the air in a flying machine. Casey did some funny things in his time, but the most amusing was after he scored the try in the famous game with the Rough Riders at Rosedale for the Canadian championship. He walked back to centre field, sat down and took off his boots. Jack Lash came running up with the news that Ottawa was disputing the score to the officials, and Casey left his boots and dashed up the field in his stocking feet.

Playing Rugby With Whiskers.

Once upon a time at Varsity there was a wing player named Bradley, so-called because he wore a brilliant ginger adornment on each cheek of a carrot red in color. It was like tempting fate to play rugby with whiskers, but Bradley got away with it until the big game with Queen's, when Guy Curtis solved the problem of "the Iron Man"—another name de plume of Bradley—by getting a strong solution of balsam on his hands, and on the first scrimmage tackling Bradley's whiskers with his open palms.

It was a grand success so far as Curtis was concerned, and impaired Bradley's usefulness for the rest of the game. "The Iron Man," who was also president of the University Y. M. C. A., not only lost his whiskers, but his temper at the same time, and the referee did the rest.

"Dub" Tackled a Tree.

"Dub" Sale, one of St. Andrew's best football players, who played half-back and wing for T. A. C. and Arzonians, had many funny experiences on the gridiron, but none that caused more merriment than the afternoon he tackled a tree on Varsity Field in mistake for an opponent. Play was on the east side of the field, near the touch-line, with the opposing team in possession. A half-back run was in order around the short end, and "Dub" went across from his side to dead it off. He misjudged the distance, and went beyond the line and with lowered head made a flying tackle of the big tree. When he got to the tree, he was laughing, and "Dub" asked innocently:

"Did he get away?"

One on Banty Russell.

Joe Wright and Banty Russell were playing in the scrimmage in a game at Hamilton some years ago, when it was found necessary in order to preserve order when the ball was being put in play to summon one of the opposing managers. This duty finally devolved upon Joe, and in the midst of a terrific scrimmage he handed out one of his choicest uppers, rendering the belligerent hors de combat, or words to that effect. When Joe did this, the referee was obliged to go to one side, and was surprised ten or fifteen seconds later when Banty Russell extricated himself from the mass, and walking jauntily over to Joe, whispered from behind his hand:

"I put him away all right, Joe, but I had to give him a helluva punch!"

CHANCES LOOK VERY BRIGHT FOR A SEMI-PRO. LEAGUE

Annual Meeting of the Edmonton Hockey Club Was Held Over Until Next Wednesday in Order That Various Clubs in Alberta and Saskatchewan Can Be Communicated With—Ken Mallen for Edmonton.

A meeting of the Edmonton Hockey Club was held last evening, and it was decided by those present to postpone the annual until next Wednesday when the sentiments of different cities in regard to the proposed semi-pro league could be learned.

The annual meeting will be held in the Y. M. C. A. parlors at 8 o'clock and everybody interested in hockey is invited to be present.

The meeting last night devolved into an informal discussion of a semi-pro league with teams in Calgary, Strathcona, Edmonton, Prince Albert, Regina, Moose Jaw, Saskatoon and Lacrosse.

Jack Winchester and Harold Deacon of the Edmonton Stanley Cup challengers of former years, President George Macleod, Frank Day, Deacon White and others discussed the formation of the league, which I am sure would be warmly supported by Saskatoon.

I would be very grateful to you if you would get in touch with the hockey men of your city, who are considering the formation of this league, and have them communicate with Mr. Mallen, who is at the Windsor Hotel of this city, at the earliest possible date.

The Sporting Editor of the Saskatchewan Phoenix in a letter to the Sporting Editor of the Daily Capital, says: "Having seen in your sport columns a short time ago an article which stated that it was probable that a semi-pro hockey league taking in Saskatoon, Edmonton, Strathcona, Prince Albert, and Battleford, was suggested, I would like to make a few enquiries about it."

We have in Saskatoon now T. C. Hare, who last year owned and managed the Cobalt National League team, and also assisted in the formation of the National Hockey Association. If a league such as you speak of is, or can be formed, he will take hold of hockey in this city, and form a first class team. He is also willing to do all in his power towards the formation of the league, which I am sure would be warmly supported by Saskatoon.

I would be very grateful to you if you would get in touch with the hockey men of your city, who are considering the formation of this league, and have them communicate with Mr. Mallen, who is at the Windsor Hotel of this city, at the earliest possible date.

Mallen for Edmonton

If the league goes through, there is a good chance of Keny Mallen, the well known Ottawa forward, becoming a member of the league. Ken was far from satisfied at being kept on the bench all season by the Ottawa's and would like nothing better than to play here. He is being communicated with now and if there is anything doing in hockey circles here Ken will be on the job. Mallen has played pro hockey for years in the old International, the Ontario Pro League and the National Hockey League, and has always shown himself capable of keeping up with the best of them.

SPARKLETS

There is a lot of talk going the rounds about the Hamilton "Tigers" making a stab at hockey this winter, entering a team in the O. H. A., but there is hardly any chance of the idea going through for the simple reason that the ice proposition does not look any better this year than hitherto. It is true that the club will open up an open air rink at the cricket grounds.

Ottawa has offered Ernie Johnston, of the Wanderers of Montreal, \$2,000 for the season, and a position worth \$100 a month the year around. Johnston lost his job as conductor when the strike was on.

AMERICAN RUGBY

Chicago, 14, Purdue 5.
Illinois 3, Indiana 0.
Brown 24, Yale 0.
Army 5, Springfield 0.
Princeton 17, Holy Cross 0.
Dartmouth 12, Amherst 3.
Navy 30, Lehigh 0.
Harvard 27, Cornell 5.
Pennsylvania 18, Lafayette 6.
Wesleyan 0, Williams 0.
Maine 6, Colby 0.
Bowdoin 6, Bates 0.
Carleton 22, Virginia 0.
Colgate 6, Rochester 3.
Hobart 5, Union 0.

THE PEERLESS MATTY

Star Twirler of New York Giants to Receive \$15,000 Next Year

New York, Nov. 10.—Fifteen thousand dollars a year for a baseball player! That is the salary that it is officially announced today that Christy Mathewson will receive from the New York Club next year. It is the highest in the history of baseball outside of managers and presidents' salaries. Last year Mathewson received \$10,000, and the \$5,000 boost was given by President Brush, it is said, without any solicitation. Mathewson's work in the post-season series with the Yankees for the city championship was of such a marvelous nature that Brush decided to give "Peerless Matty" a salary in keeping with his pre-eminence as a twirler.

PRINCETON HAS THE BEST TEAM

Tigers Have Rolled Up Big Score And Their Line Has Not Been Crossed

Boston, Nov. 10.—The football season will be closed in the next two weeks, with several championship games on the schedule for next Saturday. The semi-finals were reached Saturday and of the eastern colleges Princeton is placed at the head. The Tigers have rolled up 98 points and their goal time has not been crossed. Although Harvard was scored upon by Cornell Saturday, the power of the Crimson is so manifest that good judges place the Cambridge eleven close to Princeton. The navy, which has not yet been scored upon, is given third place. Dartmouth is fourth and the army fifth. There has been a noticeable lack of serious injuries so far this season. Yale's record on the basis of points is ninth. She has been defeated by West Point and Brown and by Vanderbilt.

GEEHAN BUYS RELEASE

Eddie Geohan, who has pitched with success for the Calgary team in the Western Canada League, has purchased his release from that club. Eddie had a run-in with Carney last year at the time Gaddy was suspended, and made no secret of the fact that he would never again play for William the Bulldozer.

RUGBY DOES NOT HURT PARNEY

Fred Negotiates the Hundred on an Indoor Circular Track in 2:25

Thirty-five athletes took part in the opening indoor contest of the season at the "Y" last night. Fred Parney showed that a Rugby season has not affected his sprinting abilities and negotiated the 100 yards on a circular track in the fast time of 12:5. M. J. White heaved the 8 lb. shot 38 feet, 11 inches, while J. D. Britton captured the broad jump, his mark being 9 feet, 3 inches.

These indoor meets will be held every Wednesday for the next five weeks.

Last night's summary:
100 yards dash—1, F. S. Parney, 12:5; Jas. Nicolson, L. S. Murdoch.
400 yards dash—1, N. J. White, 5:15; Broad jump—1, J. D. Britton, 9 feet 3 inches; 2, P. Hammond, 9 feet 1 1/2 inches; 3, L. S. Murdoch, 9 feet 1 1/2 inches.

The next meet is on Wednesday night when the fifty yards dash, three standing jumps, and the twelve pound shot-put are the events.

THE BIG FOUR STARS.

The Ottawa Free Press picks the following all star Big Four team. Full-back, Stinson (Montreal); centre half, Williams (Ottawa); left half, Gerard (Ottawa); quarter-back, O'Neill (Ottawa); scrimmage, Craig (Hamilton); Kilmartin (Ottawa); inside wings, Phillips (Ottawa) and Kelly (Montreal); middle wings, Ibbotson (Hamilton) and Virgle (Montreal); outside wings, Savage (Montreal) and Cameron (Montreal).

OLYMPIC BOWLING LEAGUE

There will be a meeting held at the Olympic Bowling Alleys this evening for the purpose of organizing a league for the winter.

NO MORE, NO TIME.

Edmonton has learned that the hiring of a hockey team from the four corners of the country to play for the Stanley Cup does not reflect any dazzling glory on the town that undertakes it. There will be no more expeditions from the Alberta capital. The learning of the lesson took just two years. The place vacated by Edmonton is open to any other town that can furnish the "crazy marks."—Toronto Globe.

LEADING BASE STEALERS

The ten leading base stealers in the National League this year are as follows: Beacher, Cincinnati, 68; Paster, Cincinnati, 56; Murray, New York, 51; Magee, Philadelphia, 45; Lobert, Cincinnati, 41; Devore, New York, 41; Doyle, New York, 41; Egan, Cincinnati, 40; Mitchell, Cincinnati, 35; Snodgrass, New York, 35. The Reds, therefore, carried off the honors, with five out of the ten for a total of 240 stolen bags. Pete Morie's total of 75 looks pretty good, eh?

GAME ARRANGED FOR BANFORDS

The Smiths of Ottawa Are Anxious to Play Edmonton Settlement—Distance No Object

(Special to Capital)
Ottawa, Ont. Nov. 10.—Though nothing has yet been arranged it is possible that Mr. Henry Smith, the well known contractor will be able to set forth his claims as having the championship family hockey team in the world before long in undisputed fashion.

Away out in Alberta, where Hay Millar and Fred Whitcroft have there are seven Banford brothers who have a mighty fine opinion of themselves as hockey artists and already the Edmonton sports of brothers have made application to the Edmonton City Hockey league for admission and it may be that they have still ambitions. According to an Edmonton dispatch, the Banfords have established a good reputation for themselves as hockey players in the whole country, and even though they are the couple of thousand miles apart, a match between the Banfords and the Smiths may yet be booked.

The hockey history of the Smith family is too well known to be repeated and with Dan, Jack, Alf, Harry, Tommie and Billy with professional records in the big leagues and George a City League star, the Smiths ought to be able to take the measure of any family seven in the universe.

The Ottawa boys are scattered at present, but in case a match should be arranged for, there would be little difficulty in rounding up the famous aggregation.

C. W. CROSS WAS THERE

Edmonton baseball fans who followed carefully the itemized reports of the World's Series games between Philadelphia and Chicago will remember that in the 10 innings game which Chicago won, that Baker climbed almost into one of the boxes and made a wonderful catch. Among the occupants of that particular box was Hoot C. W. Cross of Edmonton.

THE TIGERS WON.

The first game in the Junior Employed Boys' Basketball league was played at the "Y" last night and resulted in a win for the Tigers over the Athletics by 5-4. The line-up was: Tigers—Duplessis, Young, McCrack, Pfeiffer and Stewart. Athletics—Palmer, McArthur, McLean, Urquhart, Melnyre.

DEAK WILL SELL SOME PLAYERS

Phil Dellar and Lusse Are Slated for the Indianapolis Club in the Association

Assuming that the International League is now a go, as Bette and Helena refuse to consider any proposition by Lucas and McCloskey, Manager Deacon White of the Eskimos has already thrown out his dragnet in quest of new players.

New faces will be the rule, rather than the exception on the 1911 line-up. Others missing besides Morse, Dell and Hueston, will be Spencer and John Brennan, the latter going to Seattle. Deacon has already secured a short stop, catcher and two new out-fielders, but will not make their names public yet. They are well known to local fans, having played here in the uniforms of visiting teams.

Phil Dellar has been offered to Indianapolis for \$1000, and there is a chance that Bill Lussit will also be sold to the same club.

Local fans will be very loath to see Butcher Bill leave the Eskimos. He is a prime favorite here as well as being the best out-fielder in the league. But Lussit is too high priced for Class C ball, and Deacon's policy for next season is to practice economy with the infielders and gardeners, and get an A-1 pitching staff.

Last year's twirling department is shot full of holes. Dellar and Dell will be among the missing, though Slim is to be turned back to Edmonton if he fails to make good. Hueston will also be an absentee and Jack Hickey will be the sole survivor.

Deacon will take a trip to the coast in March or April and expects to garner some classy recruits from the surplus talent of the Coast and North-Western ranks. There is no chance of Al McLean returning here, as even in the bushes of Clearholm, he was far from being a success.

Ball players have already commenced writing to Deacon for jobs. Westler, who was a member of the poor team, asks for a position in the infield. He was signed for last year, but unfortunately broke his leg, before the spring practice. Dook may give him a chance.

President Middleton of Calgary, has got cold feet on the International question and is afraid Lucas will wreck the new league before it gets under way.

Therefore Hal proposes that Edmonton, Calgary, Lethbridge, Regina, Saskatoon and Moose Jaw form a circuit. Edmonton will never consent to such a league while there is a chance of getting the Montana cities in.

INTERCOLLEGIATE LEAGUE

The intercollegiate hockey league will meet at Alberta College tonight. With the University of Alberta withdrawing from the circuit Edmonton High, Strathcona High and Alberta College will remain.

Webster's Clear Havana Cigars

(in 10 sizes.)

Superior in Quality. Uniform in Aroma.

Absolutely Clean and . . . HYGIENIC in Manufacture.

For Sale at all the Leading Cigar Stores.

Overcoats and Fur Coats



ALL PRICES LOWERED

In every pattern and weave of cloth that is new and correct.

Every Fit Guaranteed at
AITKEN & FULTON
404 Namaya Avenue

"Capitol" Beer vs. "Budweiser"

We beg to inform our many patrons that we are using a temporary label for our "Capitol" Beer as an injunction has been granted by the Courts restraining us from using our original "Capitol" label pending our law suit with the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association, of St. Louis, Mo. The quality of "Capitol" however will be just the same, or better if we can make it so; and judging from the demand we are sure that our patrons know from experience that it is the BEER and not the label that has made "Capitol" so widely popular.

The Edmonton Brewing and Malting Co. Ltd.

Today
2.30 to 5.
Tonight
7.15 to 11.

STARLAND

THE FAMILY THEATRE

LATEST
CREATIONS



COMING
CHAMPIONSHIP
BASEBALL
SERIES
Philadelphia and
Chicago

BIJOU THEATRES

The only Theatre in Edmonton regularly exhibiting any first run, new films

The only Theatre in Edmonton regularly exhibiting and importing films direct

Programmes Change Twice a Week—Monday and Thursday

McDougall Avenue
PROGRAMME
TWA HIGHLAND LADS
Vignograph
THE ADOPTED DAUGHTER
Lubin Feature
WANTED, A CHILD
Biograph
And Other Pictures

First Street
PROGRAMME
THE TWO SISTERS
Pathe Feature
THE LITTLE FIDDLER
Edison Story
U.S. SUBMARINE "SALMON"
Descriptive
And Other Pictures

MATINEE 2.30 to 5 p.m.

EVENINGS 7.30 o'clock

Admission 10 Cents—Children in Afternoon 5 Cents

BIJOU THEATRES

ORPHEUM THEATRE

Buffalo Bill & Pawnee Bill's Great Historical Wild West Shows

TODAY! TODAY! TONIGHT!
Buffalo Bill's Wild West and Pawnee Bill's Far East Shows.
3000 Feet Moving Pictures

Just as you saw Buffalo Bill when you were a boy, you'll see him now. Bring your son. Let him see the man millions worship as the greatest Indian fighter the world has ever known. This is your life-time opportunity. You owe it to yourself and to the youngsters who should appreciate the great and only Buffalo Bill. Mothers, Daughters and Sweethearts will find these pictures highly interesting and instructive.

Special bargain matinees for three days only for the ladies and children. 5c. Evenings as usual. 1c. Doors open at 2 p.m. and quarter to seven.

ELITE THEATRE

First St. Opposite Clara.

The Padre's Secret.
Mr. Doughty's Adventure.
Comedy.
Smuggling Up-to-Date.
Comedy.
A Game for Two.

Saturday Matinee 2.30.

Evening Show 7.30

LE GRANDE

619 NAMAYO AVE.
The best Moving Picture
House in Alberta.

TODAY
"The Girl Scout"
The Trials of the Western
Settlers

Matinee 2.30 Evening 7.30
Admission 10c.
Children, Matinee 5c.

DREAMLAND

554 JASPER EAST
General Admission 10c
HER REWARD
THE GIRL & THE BANDIT
(Kalem)
CATCHING FISH (Pathe)
CURIOUS INVENTION
And Other Pictures
Matinee Every Day 2.30 to 5

NEXT YEAR TO BE LONDON'S BIGGEST

Coronation to Make British City
Capital of World for the
Season

MAST THROG OF PEOPLE

Many Hotel Rooms Already En-
gaged and Police Prepara-
tions Begun

London, Nov. 10.—Next year is expected to be the greatest in the history of London in respect to the number of visitors it will entertain and the prosperity it will enjoy. The occasion of the expected influx of people is, of course the coming coronation of King George and Queen Mary and the investiture of the Prince of Wales.

The coronation will take place in the week commencing June 18, probably on Wednesday, June 21.

In fixing the date of the ceremony in Westminster Abbey precedent has been largely followed, the coronation of King Edward having been originally fixed for June 26, and Queen Victoria's first jubilee having been celebrated on June 21. It is expected that this majesty's birthday, which falls on June 3, will not be officially recognized before the coronation week, in which also occurs the anniversary of the birthday of the Prince of Wales, who was born on June 23, 1894.

Pageant of Empire

Already the arrangements for the coronation are well in hand. It is to be made a great pageant of empire, in which every one of the overseas dominions will take a part. The prime ministers and other members of the governments of Canada, Australia, South Africa, and New Zealand, and the governors of every state and dependency owing allegiance to the British crown have been invited.

Each will be represented by a contingent of troops, and the procession which will accompany their majesties from Buckingham Palace to Westminster and the forces that will guard the line of route will be thoroughly typical of the might of the empire.

The amount of work involved in preparing for a coronation—described by a distinguished Frenchman two centuries ago as "the most solemn, magnificent and unmythical ceremony it is any one's lot in life to witness"—is enormous.

From now until next July both the lord chamberlain and the earl marshal's department, in fact, every official of the royal household, will be working at high pressure. The work has gone forth that nothing must be wanting to make the event worthy of the empire and of the historic greatness of the occasion.

Trappings of State Being Cleaned

All the gorgeous trappings of state, the royal and other regalia which lends to the crowning of an English

king so much stately splendor, are already being examined and made ready. Already the coming event is creating its glories before, and in many unexpected quarters there is now a bustle of activity which will not cease until after next June.

Socially, the last fortnight in June and the early days of July will be a period of unexampled gaiety. First and foremost will be the festival of empire at the Crystal Palace in which no fewer than 20,000 persons, drawn from all parts of the empire and from all ranks of society, will take part.

Then there will be the great imperial exhibition at the White City, where the wonders of empire will be displayed.

About this time also there will be the horse show at Olympia, a gay week at Ascot—fixed to begin on June 14 instead of the 21st—and the royal agricultural show at Norwich from June 25 to June 30.

His majesty, who is this year's president, has signified his intention of being present.

Shortly after the coronation of Queen Victoria a chancellor of the exchequer estimated that the public "had voluntarily paid for seats commanding a view of the procession no less than \$10,000,000," and that 400,000 persons had visited London for the purpose of witnessing the ceremony.

These figures, said a high official, who has been for weeks past immersed in the arrangements for next year's event, might be multiplied by six and applied to King George's coronation.

Already scores of rooms have been engaged at the big hotels, and hundreds of passages have been booked on the great steamship routes from all parts of the world. The "rush" from America, which is growing in volume every succeeding year, a manager of one of the leading shipping lines says, will exceed anything he has known.

This information was corroborated by one of the big Anglo-American hotels, and by the manager of one of the chief tourist agencies, who remarked:

"London will next year be the capital not of the British empire only but of the world. From the universal inquiries we are receiving I am convinced that there will be such a crowd as even London has never seen before."

Police Making Plans

The most definite step which has been taken in connection with the coronation is the circular which has just been issued to police pensioners from Scotland yard, preparing to enroll those who are still able-bodied for service next June.

A great strain will be placed upon the police force by the processions, and the pensioners will be employed in constabulary duty in the suburbs, to replace the men who must be withdrawn for special service.

The coronation route is already engaging interest, naturally enough; because, should it be varied, the divergence of the procession may mean a loss of thousands of pounds to the residents in one street and a proportional gain to the residents in another.

The dwellers in Victoria street are actively promoting a petition praying that after leaving Westminster Abbey the coronation procession may proceed through that thoroughfare.

STARLAND EVIDENCE.

In giving judgment yesterday in the Supreme court to Samuel Nankin against Starland Ltd., for the defendant Nankin to recover possession of the premises within three weeks Judge Stuart reviewed the evidence very carefully. The plaintiff had made arrangements with the defendant company to lease the building for one year with the option of a second year's lease, provided the building was satisfactorily heated. The case was based on Mr. Nankin's claim that during the past winter the agreement had not been lived up to. From the evidence of Mr. Nankin and others he had come to the conclusion that the building had not been satisfactorily heated. The counter agreement of the defense that the furnaces were not in proper working order was so a limited extent true but the Starland people had not made the best use of them. Moreover, they had not denied that in cold weather heat had been diverted from the upper to the lower rooms and the tenants had accordingly suffered. Hence as far as the agreement went Starland Ltd.'s right to renewal of the lease was gone. On the evidence before him he could give no damages but he would give judgment to the plaintiff for possession and costs. The defendants should however have a reasonable amount of time to vacate and he would fix a stated time say three weeks within which they must have the premises.

C. C. McCaul appeared for the plaintiff and O. M. Biggar the defendant.

COAL COMBINE AIM OF CITY DEALERS?

Several Members of Board of
Trade Think So and Refuse
Protection

DISCUSS "LONDONERS"

Members Decide They Don't De-
sire Skilled Variety of Labor
—Too Particular

The regular meeting of the Board of Trade was held in the board rooms Tuesday with President McGeorge in the chair. After the reading of the minutes the report of the council was read. Action has been taken by the council at the instance of the Athabasca Landing Board of Trade requesting the extension of the Athabasca Landing branch of the C. N. R. Mr. McKenzie was away and nothing done. The assaying of minerals at the University and the bettering of the Landing road had also been arranged for.

Mr. Oliver replied to a communication asking about a vote of money for the improvement of the Fraser River that it was very desirable for a minister to object to appropriations for the interests of another constituency.

The Montreal Board of Trade seeks the cooperation of the local board in securing exemption for companies under conditions arranged by their several governments. Pres. McGeorge remarked that as Edmonton corporations do not do business in Montreal it was quite needless and he proposed it should be left over until the case now pending in the Supreme Court is decided.

The letter from the London Central Unemployed Bureau, asking in regard to possibilities for the immigration of London unemployed was read. Mr. Clarke spoke highly in favor of encouraging the movement in view of the scarcity of unskilled labor in the city.

Mr. Talbot said that while he had every sympathy with a man out of work still, from personal acquaintance with the London unemployed, he found them the hardest to get along with. They wished to dictate their own terms and work at their own particular kinds of labor.

Objections were taken to this by Londoners present but the motion of Mr. Clark was carried that the secretary be instructed that only unskilled labor was required.

A notice of motion was read to the effect that Mr. K. W. McKenzie would propose at the next meeting that the Board hold its annual meeting on the fourth Tuesday in January.

A representative of the Retail Merchants' Association read a communication from that body requesting that restriction be made more stringent with regard to peddlars' licenses. He believed that the interests of the merchants of the city were being injured by the failure to levy a heavy tax on peddlars, the city was neglecting a source of revenue and allowing these itinerant merchants to swoop down on the city and after a short but profitable sojourn, make off without leaving a cent to cover even the very light license fees. He quoted several cases, in support of his statement. Not only were the common peddlars offenders, but for merchants who did business for a few months and paid a quarterly fee (only 50c) took the cream of the retail trade. The present tax regulations allowed them to pose as "traveling salesmen" or "commission men" and they got off very lightly. He also referred to the common practice of changing one's place of business and urged twice a year as the limit. Auctioneers should be confined to their own premises or to certain private dwellings and if they went beyond should pay floor space tax.

These requests, as the speaker hinted, were aimed partly at the coal peddlars whom he blamed for coal famines. Fine weather brought them into town in droves and on the first break up of the roads, this supply ceased and the public fell back on the coal merchants with a resulting rush of orders and a coal famine.

These remarks gave rise to a heated argument. Some of the members felt that a coal combine was aimed at. One member stated that he thought the public had the right to buy in an open market and he would not consent to any protection for the merchants.

The feeling of the meeting was quite hostile to any such form of protection for coal merchants and though the matter was referred to the council the retailers are hardly likely to gain their point.

STOP! LOOK!! LISTEN!!! A Complete Pool Table for \$225

Delivered to any Rail Station within 150 miles of Edmonton, freight prepaid for \$25.00 on easy time payments.



Rosewood cushion rail top; Monarch Quick cushions; best Vermont slate; Simmons' 18" x 14" x 1" inlaid number pool balls, tables finished either Golden Oak or Mahogany. Immediate delivery to any road station within 150 miles of Edmonton for \$25.00.

The Brunswick-Balke Collender Co.
224-228 McDougall Avenue, EDMONTON, ALTA.

**CANADIAN NORTHERN
DECEMBER EXCURSIONS
1910**

FROM ALL STATIONS TO
ONTARIO, QUEBEC AND
EASTERN PROVINCES
AT
VERY LOW FARES

LIMIT: THREE MONTHS, STOP-OVERS
FIRST CLASS TICKETS
OLD COUNTRY AND EUROPE
ON SALE NOV. 10TH TO DEC. 31ST
CHOICE OF ROUTES
APPLY CANADIAN NORTHERN AGENTS

W. C. DODDS,
City Passenger and Ticket Agent C. N. Ry.
115 Jasper Ave. E. Edmonton, Alta. Phone 1772

Edmonton Municipal Improvement League

Norwood Meeting

THURSDAY, Nov. 10th, 8.15 p.m.
I.O.O.F. HALL, ON THE BOULEVARD
(Fourth Building East of the car line)

Special Business Discussion of
the Trunk Line Railway Difficulty
Between A. E. Potter and his
Honor Mayor Robert Lee . . .

ORDER OF BUSINESS

1. Reading Minutes and disposing of routine business of the League.
2. Address by the Chairman, Mr. Wright of Norwood and Vice Pres.
3. Short address on the object and purposes of the League by ex-Mayor W. A. Griesbach.
4. A. E. Potter on the Railway difficulty and a proper solution.
5. Reply to Mr. Potter by Mayor Lee or his representative.
6. General discussion by members and the public generally.

All Citizens, whether members of the league or not, are cordially invited to be present and take part in the discussions.

PUBLIC MUNICIPAL MEETING—ALL ARE WELCOME
Come and lend your aid to assisting in making Edmonton the greatest city between the Great Lakes and the Pacific.

GOD SAVE THE KING

INVESTIGATE

These Bargains and you will buy.
Acreage in Bremner Estate.
Sixteen Acres North of City.
House and Lot in Norwood.

Northern Investment Agency Limited

21 Jasper W. Phone 2666

Kocian

The Renowned Bohemian
VIOLIN VIRTUOSO
Edmonton, Sat. Dec. 17th

In only one
GRAND CONCERT
Under the patronage of The
Edmonton Ladies' Musical
Club, supported by Herr
Maurice Eitner, distinguished
German Pianist, and others.
The plan of reserved seats
opens Dec. 1st at Harmony
Hall, the Geo. H. Suckling
Water rooms, for the
"Quality tone" pianos of
Nordheimer, Steinway &
Sons, Lansdowne and Haines
Bros.

EXCURSIONS

EASTERN CANADA
Daily During December
3 Months Limit
Stop Over Privileges

St. Paul or Duluth, Chicago and
Grand Trunk
RAILWAY
SYSTEM

The Double Track Route

REDUCED FARES
For Steamship Passengers
November 1st to December 31st
5 Months Limit
Write for full particulars and descriptive
pamphlet

A. E. DUFF,
General Agent, P.O. Box 28,
50 Fortuque Avenue, Winnipeg, Man.

LYCEUM THEATRE

Mon., Tues., Wed., 7th, 8th, 9th

The Great Max
(King of Handcuffs)

Also the MUSICAL COMEDY
"The Maid and the
Mummy"

Prices 25c & 35c

ASQUITH HOLDS POWER

London, Nov. 10.—While the details of the recent developments in English politics are so involved that they must subject the intelligence of the average British worker who tries to follow them to a severe strain, there are certain salient features which possess interest to Americans.

John Redmond and his fellow nationalists are having behind them the prospect of imminent home rule for Ireland. Home rule, indeed, is in the air, but not in the sense designed by the nationalist leaders. Premier Asquith is by no means in the hollow of Redmond's hand; indeed, the stars in his course appear to be moving so that the premier will be in a position to bid defiance to the nationalist importunities with impunity.

Expect Quiet Until Coronation
The constitutional conference, appointed to decide on the veto powers of the lords this week held its twentieth session, and there is no general conviction that it will be at least productive of a plan which will enable the present government to remain in office securely and quietly until after the coronation.

Nobody, except possibly the Nationalists, wants a general election before that event, and, as expected, the leaders in the conference come to an agreement, the Nationalists will not be able to force an election. It is not so, as supposed, of course, that the present conference will settle the question of the house of lords, but there is a deep rooted belief that a basis for the discussion will be found which will extend the throne of God that began at Edward's death over King George's coronation.

With the Unionist and Liberal leaders agreed upon a suspension of serious hostilities, the necessary business of parliament can be got through despite any efforts the Irish Nationalists may make to force home rule to the front until Asquith himself is ready to make it up.

Federation Is Possible Outcome

What shape the question may have assumed is that executive direction there is no need to ask now, but the wide discussion of such matter as the evolution of a home rule all round federation indicate the possible trend of events.

The changes which have been made in the cabinet this week afford a clear indication of the government's confidence to be in office next year. Thus the appointment of Lewis Harcourt to be the colonial secretary of state, taking the place of Lord Crewe who succeeds Lord Morley in the foreign office. Harcourt is a wealthy man, which Crewe is not, and he will entertain the members of the colonial conference which meets in London next year on an adequate scale.

It is considered more than probable that this fact entered into the calculations of the cabinet when the changes necessitated by Morley's retirement from the Indian office had to be made.

LAWYER GIVES EVIDENCE.

H. H. Robertson the well known Edmonton lawyer appeared in a new role yesterday afternoon as secretary treasurer of the Clover Bar Coal Co. as witness in the case of Gillespie v. Clover Bar Coal Co., tried in the Supreme court yesterday afternoon. On the resignation of J. J. Denman as general manager, Mr. Robertson was appointed temporary secretary-treasurer to fill his position and this capacity was called on to give evidence in the case in question.

The case was continued throughout the afternoon, the only point in dispute is whether \$200 paid for stock in the expectation of being named director, should be refunded or whether payment in full on the rest of the stock should be demanded. Dr. Gillespie claims also \$590.75 as due him from the company for medical attendance which indebtedness is not disputed by the company.

The case was concluded but judgment reserved.

BENNETT STILL THE DAPLING

(Continued from Page One.)

Mr. Patterson the new member from Macleod was hailed to the platform and was given three rousing cheers. His remarks were brief and though he said this election was brought about by the united efforts of the farmers and Conservatives, yet he had not committed himself to any clique of party for west or east.

"The farmers never asked me for a definite pledge and they sent me to Edmonton, free and unfettered of the fetters of party or sectional ties, and I shall devote my representation to the good of the people of this province."

Mr. Oatley followed and held the same views regarding hide-bound legislation. He said he was a great admirer of the Conservative party and while his admiration never ran away with his head, he was still nevertheless a disciple of Sir John's and believed wholly the true principles of a great party. He said he was not afraid to commit himself to the championship of such a leader as Mr. Mitchell, but he would rather that independence for which his constituents had fought and given to him in thought and action.

Both Senator Longhead of Calgary and Senator Talbot of Lacombe occupied seats in the convention, yet neither were called upon nor volunteered remarks. While neither spoke, they manifested a keen interest in the proceedings and kept a watchful eye on stray remarks respecting the platform policy.

The convention session was opened at 8 o'clock with discussion for the next meeting place followed by complimentary addresses upon the work done by the Alberta Conservative league. Mr. Bennett in an address filled with anecdotes and memories of the early days of the party in Alberta, moved a vote of thanks to the retiring president, Dr. Brett. He moved also that a vote of thanks be given the Alberta Conservative League for the good work they have accomplished in the short time it was in existence.

The convention then broke up with a understanding that the next convention be held in February at Calgary. The election of officers resulted as follows:

President, F. A. Morrison of Vegreville.

Vice-president of the north, C. E. Symonds of Leduc.

Vice-president of the south, William Gorgeson of Calgary.

Treasurer, Dr. Bowles. The secretary will be appointed by the leader. It was decided that the executive be composed of the seven presidents of as many Federal constituencies, with power invested in the leader to appoint seven more.

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IS POLITICS IN

(Continued from Page One.)

VISIT OF CZAR
Many Officials Expect Important Results From His Meeting With Kaiser

PERSIA NOW DISCUSSED

Ministers of Two European Empires Hold Secret Conference at Potsdam

Berlin, Nov. 10.—Important political results are expected in Berlin from the visit of the czar at Potsdam, where the ruler of the Russians arrived a few days ago. Although the czar originated the visit as a personal courtesy to the Kaiser in connection with the prolonged sojourn which the Russian imperial family has been making in the grand duchy of Hesse, German authorities clothe the visit with the utmost official significance.

The czar arrived with pompous military honors and will not be able to escape them as long as he is the German war lord's guest.

New Minister Is Present
That the visit is an undoubted political aspect is manifest from the fact that the czar's new foreign minister, Sazonov, is taking part in the visit having come especially from St. Petersburg for the purpose. He already has had long conferences with the German chancellor and the new foreign minister.

The net result of the three days' festivities at Potsdam is expected to be of prime importance in Russo-German relations. Sazonov represented Russia a long time in England and has ranked hitherto as a pronounced Anglophile, but his succession to the aggressively and anti-German pro-French Isvolsky in the Russian foreign office is hailed as an indication that Russo-German friendship will be restored to its traditional channels.

Persia Being Discussed
Current questions in Persia and the near east undoubtedly are figuring prominently in the discussions between the German and Russian monarch and their chief advisers. The German government has pretty well abandoned the aggressive opposition it threatened to offer last spring to the Anglo-Russian plans in Persia. The czar is being informed, however, that the partition of Persia on any pretense is inimical to German interest, and that the principle of the open door and equality of trade opportunity must be upheld there, the same as Germany insisted upon its being upheld in Morocco.

The Russian press, as quoted here, ridiculed the rosy hopes which Germany cherishes from the czar's sojourn at Potsdam, but the German inspired journals insist the results will manifest themselves sooner or later.

PLASTERERS ARE WELL OFF
(Continued from page 1)

that of bricklayers occupies the highest place in the records of American cities. Of 65 cities tabulated in the statistics four pay their plasterers from two to five cents more per hour than bricklayers, 23 pay them the same, while 38 pay them from 1 to 10 cents less per hour than the wages of bricklayers. Not that Edmonton plasterers get the highest wages on the continent; in San Francisco the price per hour is \$2½ cents, but in the latter place they are only on a par with bricklayers. Only in St. Louis, Mo., East St. Louis, Ill., Boston, Mass., and Chicago, Ill., do they receive more than the bricklayers.

In Toronto the relative scale is so for bricklayers and so for plasterers, Montreal so and so. Consequently, the exchange held that the men in Edmonton had nothing to complain of, and that the outbreak of hostilities was unprovoked.

Whether this thought rankled in their members' breast was that plasterers were getting 20 to 25 cents more per hour than bricklayers they do not state. Possibly, it had somewhat to do with it. The immediate occasion of the break off in negotiations was the plasterers precipitated action on October 18th. They had informed the builders that if their agreement were not signed on the 18th they would strike on the 18th. Although in somewhat embarrassing position the builders did what they could to solve the difficulty. A meeting of the master plasterers on October 17th decided to appoint an arbitration committee to meet the men half way on the understanding that the men would work until Tuesday evening. Then came word that the plasterers would work on Monday evening and their hasty action decided the Builders' Exchange to issue the ultimatum against them.

REVOLUTION SPIRIT SPREADS

(Continued from Page One.)

politicians who handle it as arbitrarily and despotically as any absolute monarchy could. Their rule is not only oppressive, but corrupt. The Government of France is not as bad as Spain's, but it is bad enough. And indications are multiplying every day that it will not be long before it is overthrown.

There has been a strong movement among French, Italian, Spanish, and Portuguese Republicans for some time in favor of a pan-Latin federation. The revolution in Portugal has placed this element in power there, and the impending revolutions in Spain, Italy, and France will put the same element in power in those three countries, too. When this has been accomplished, the Republicans' dream of a pan-Latin federation—France, Italy, Spain, and Portugal—will be within measurable distance of fulfillment.

In Germany the Conservatives themselves—not the Radicals—say that the many recent industrial uprisings throughout the fatherland have been engineered by the Socialists leaders expressly as a kind of maneuver to test the best method of making a revolutionary outbreak a success. They have demonstrated, too, the powerlessness of the police to cope with such an outbreak—if it were at all widespread—and the Socialists even press confidence that the army is so thoroughly saturated with Socialists that the Kaiser could not depend upon it in an emergency. There is really not much doubt that a majority of the German voters are Socialists, though the country's electoral system is such that they are not yet able to secure a majority in the Reichstag.

England's Revolution in Progress
Germany's revolution is impending—England's is in progress. The British upper classes refer to the taxes the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Lloyd George is imposing upon their land as revolutionary. The upper classes are quite right. The land taxes are revolutionary. They are intended to be. As yet they are very small, but the design is to increase them, but by bit, not alone with the view to making the rich bear their fair proportion of the burden of taxation but with the object of compelling them to relinquish their vast holdings of land, of ending the existing system of landlordism in Great Britain—in short of effecting a greater distribution of the country's wealth.

There then is the effort to make the English Government truly representative

by abolishing hereditary legislation. The struggle between the people and the House of Lords is marking time at the moment, but not for long. Unless a satisfactory compromise is reached it will be renewed more fiercely than ever soon after Parliament meets next week. It may end in the nominal election of the House of Lords stripped of all its present power or it may terminate in the transformation of the upper branch into an elective body. At any rate, rule by the aristocracy is near its end.

So much for the English revolution. Except for the revolution in Turkey and Portugal, the English revolutionary movement has made more real progress than similar movements have made in any other countries in Europe. It has not been a spectacular movement, but it has moved and it still moves right along.

Russia Always In Trouble
Revolution is of course, always in the air in Russia. Mismanagement by the Revolutionists themselves—the indiscreet admission of a number of the Czar's agents into their organization—engaged the Muscovite movement a pretty serious set-back about a year ago and as yet it has not recovered from it, but it is being reorganized and will probably soon be stronger than ever. Another successful revolution or so elsewhere in Europe will certainly stimulate it at once.

Austria-Hungary, practically alone among the great powers, is comparatively quiet for the time. The weakness of Austro-Hungarian radicalism is the inability of its advocates to pull together. The score or so of different races over which Franz Josef rules are too busy fighting among themselves to make an effective bid for a freer government. There can hardly be any considerable number of popular uprisings in neighboring countries, however, without ultimately producing an effect in Austria-Hungary. In the end, Franz Josef's people may prey prey safely be counted upon to get into line with the rest of Europe, and to strike as energetic a blow for liberty and progress as anybody else.

Of the smaller nations nearly all appear pretty certain to be swallowed by the more powerful ones before they have time for internal commotions on their own account. An exception is Greece, where there is every probability of King George's overthrow, in the extremely near future—perhaps in a few weeks, and almost certainly in no more than a few months.

Germany's Ureecy Eye
That Germany has an eye on Denmark, Holland, and Belgium, no Euro-

pean diplomat for a moment doubts.

From a territorial standpoint it cares comparatively little for them, but for strategic purposes it cares for them a great deal. There is not much question that it is with a view to their acquisition that the fatherland has been building the big navy which has given England so much uneasiness. Their fuel capacity limits most of its big ships to short cruises in the North Sea. England is the only formidable power against which they can be effectively used. England would certainly resist a German garrison of Denmark, Holland, and Belgium, and Germany is getting ready to effect the grab whether England resists or not. Germany needs those three little countries, and it will continue to need them as a republic as much as it needs them as a monarchy.

Russia wants Sweden and Norway for the same reason that Germany wants Denmark, Holland, and Belgium—for strategic reasons. It wants coast line on the open sea. At present it has none. Possession of the Scandinavian peninsula would fix it very satisfactorily indeed. It is going after the peninsula in a hurry. Finland is already filled with the Czar's troops, and his spies are already at work in the towns and inside the fortresses on the Swedish side of the Finnish-Swedish frontier. It is said in some quarters that it is quite possible that an actual start on the Russian advance is distant a matter of no more than a few months.

Turkey Needs Money
A Balkan union is a practical certainty of the comparatively near future. It was very near a few months ago. Then Germany became alarmed lest it fall under Russian influence and upset the negotiations. It cannot prevent their resumption, however, and although there is considerable friction among the various States just now—as a result of German influence—they are sure to be resumed soon. Of course, Turkey is the most powerful of the countries likely to be included in the federation. Germany accomplished its purpose by gaining control over the leaders in the Turkish hierarchy. It cannot retain control because it has no money to lend, and money is what Turkey must have and keep on having for some time to come.

The Turks and the Roumanians are already allied. They will get Greece before long by force. Then they will be strong enough to induce Bulgaria to join them, and when that happens there will be nothing for Serbia and Montenegro to do but to come in, too, or be swallowed up.

Thrones totter, old-established religions are shaken, respect for law and order seems no longer to have a restraining influence upon peoples. These are conclusions to which many students of events in Europe are driven.

WILL NOT REDUCE
(Continued from page 1)

Canada. Nowhere on the continent have I ever seen such a luxuriant growth as shown here. Year after year rapid growth for vegetables and condition is perfectly fulfilled here. The best celery should be raised here though now at present what we use here is all imported from British Columbia. People are too busy with large farming to bother with intensive cultivation of the soil but in my mind a man could make as good a living off ten acres of garden as some farmers do from a hundred and fifty or three hundred and twenty acres. If we had a colony of Chinese here we should have no difficulty in raising vegetables for a Chinaman can grow more off half an acre than a man can off ten. People in this country however, will not submit to a life of serious life necessary to raise the produce. We have given up having a since coming west seemingly to live in a young man than scientific farming, much better than sitting in an office all day for \$30 per month. A man is much happier and better off if he can grow his own food.

"Coming back to the subject of vegetables and dairy products," continued Mr. Fisher. "We can produce vegetables, eggs, butter, and cheese and all dairy products. There is a practical farming in things. What would matter if it is a cold storage plant. As one week we have an overabundance of goods, stuff is shipped or sold at a ridiculous figure. In a week or two there is a famine and in some cases the stuff shipped back here."

Good for Poultry, Too.
Mr. Fisher went on to point out that for poultry and poultry products this is one of the best parts of Canada. "An admirer of the city who is a bird farmer succeeded in rearing a number of chickens that weighed eight pounds apiece. A friend from B. C. happened to visit him caught the fever, bought some stock but in spite of his best efforts could not show any better than his own. Then they will be strong enough to induce Bulgaria to join them, and when that happens there will be nothing for Serbia and Montenegro to do but to come in, too, or be swallowed up.

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Mr. Fisher went on to point out that for poultry and poultry products this is one of the best parts of Canada. "An admirer of the city who is a bird farmer succeeded in rearing a number of chickens that weighed eight pounds apiece. A friend from B. C. happened to visit him caught the fever, bought some stock but in spite of his best efforts could not show any better than his own. Then they will be strong enough to induce Bulgaria to join them, and when that happens there will be nothing for Serbia and Montenegro to do but to come in, too, or be swallowed up.

Thrones totter, old-established religions are shaken, respect for law and order seems no longer to have a restraining influence upon peoples. These are conclusions to which many students of events in Europe are driven.

WILL NOT REDUCE
(Continued from page 1)

Canada. Nowhere on the continent have I ever seen such a luxuriant growth as shown here. Year after year rapid growth for vegetables and condition is perfectly fulfilled here. The best celery should be raised here though now at present what we use here is all imported from British Columbia. People are too busy with large farming to bother with intensive cultivation of the soil but in my mind a man could make as good a living off ten acres of garden as some farmers do from a hundred and fifty or three hundred and twenty acres. If we had a colony of Chinese here we should have no difficulty in raising vegetables for a Chinaman can grow more off half an acre than a man can off ten. People in this country however, will not submit to a life of serious life necessary to raise the produce. We have given up having a since coming west seemingly to live in a young man than scientific farming, much better than sitting in an office all day for \$30 per month. A man is much happier and better off if he can grow his own food.

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pean diplomat for a moment doubts.

From a territorial standpoint it cares comparatively little for them, but for strategic purposes it cares for them a great deal. There is not much question that it is with a view to their acquisition that the fatherland has been building the big navy which has given England so much uneasiness. Their fuel capacity limits most of its big ships to short cruises in the North Sea. England is the only formidable power against which they can be effectively used. England would certainly resist a German garrison of Denmark, Holland, and Belgium, and Germany is getting ready to effect the grab whether England resists or not. Germany needs those three little countries, and it will continue to need them as a republic as much as it needs them as a monarchy.

Russia wants Sweden and Norway for the same reason that Germany wants Denmark, Holland, and Belgium—for strategic reasons. It wants coast line on the open sea. At present it has none. Possession of the Scandinavian peninsula would fix it very satisfactorily indeed. It is going after the peninsula in a hurry. Finland is already filled with the Czar's troops, and his spies are already at work in the towns and inside the fortresses on the Swedish side of the Finnish-Swedish frontier. It is said in some quarters that it is quite possible that an actual start on the Russian advance is distant a matter of no more than a few months.

Turkey Needs Money
A Balkan union is a practical certainty of the comparatively near future. It was very near a few months ago. Then Germany became alarmed lest it fall under Russian influence and upset the negotiations. It cannot prevent their resumption, however, and although there is considerable friction among the various States just now—as a result of German influence—they are sure to be resumed soon. Of course, Turkey is the most powerful of the countries likely to be included in the federation. Germany accomplished its purpose by gaining control over the leaders in the Turkish hierarchy. It cannot retain control because it has no money to lend, and money is what Turkey must have and keep on having for some time to come.

The Turks and the Roumanians are already allied. They will get Greece before long by force. Then they will be strong enough to induce Bulgaria to join them, and when that happens there will be nothing for Serbia and Montenegro to do but to come in, too, or be swallowed up.

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CHRYSANTHEMUMS: \$1.00 to \$4.00 per doz.

Walter Ramsay

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Phone 1292

THE WEATHER.

Forecast—Manitoba, fine and decidedly cold.
Alberta and Saskatchewan—Easterly winds, continued cold with local snow flurries.
Some snow flurries have occurred in the western provinces, but fine weather has been general and in all districts it has turned colder.

| | H. | L. |
|-----------------------|----|----|
| Kamloops, cloudy | 32 | 18 |
| Edmonton, cloudy | 32 | 18 |
| Calgary, cloudy | 32 | 18 |
| Lethbridge, cloudy | 32 | 18 |
| Medicine Hat, clear | 26 | 12 |
| Prince Albert, cloudy | 32 | 18 |
| Moose Jaw, cloudy | 32 | 18 |
| Regina, clear | 25 | 12 |
| Winnipeg, cloudy | 25 | 12 |
| Port Arthur, cloudy | 36 | 18 |

ABOUT TOWN.

Thursday, November 15th, at 4 p.m. the executive of the local council of women v. 3. 4-1 a meeting in the M.C.A. parlour. The nomination of officers for 1911 will be made by the executive at this meeting. The officers for 1910 are: Hon. president, Mrs. Bulyen; president, Mrs. W. D. Ferris; first vice president, Mrs. Cautley; second vice president, Mrs. P. E. Butchart; treasurer, Mrs. J. D. Currie; secretary, Mrs. Robert Knell.

The regular monthly meeting of "The Alberta Women's Association" will be held Saturday afternoon, Nov. 12, in the Collegiate Strathcona, at 3 o'clock. Business will be transacted at 3 o'clock sharp, and at 3.30, the club will be addressed by Mr. R. B. Chadwick on "The Prison Congress" held in Washington, D. C. from Sept. 28 to Oct. 10, 1910. Each member is requested to bring as many friends as possible.

There will be a meeting of the Granite Cutting club this evening in the rink at 8 o'clock.

PERSONAL.

Senator Tubbo, of Red Deer, is a guest at the Alberta Hotel.

Senator Longhead, of Calgary, is in town attending the Conservative convention.

PICTURESQUE SCENES TODAY.

(Continued from page 1)

"Salute" and as soon as this ceased the Lieutenant Governor stepped from the carriage. As his foot touched the ground the guard of honor sprang into life. "Guard of Honor-General Salute—Present—Arms" barked the officer in charge. Instantly the infantrymen responded, and at this time the deep, copper-toned tones of the bugles took up the call. Again his honor stood at attention and saluted the guard, and after inspecting the men and complimenting the officers in charge he entered the building.

Meanwhile those inside who could get a glimpse of the view outside were watching the tableaux. Steaming horses, soldiers snuffed in great coats, and here and there the metallic gleam of the trumpets or the trappings of the horses were their only reward.

Resplendent in his court uniform, covered with gold lace, and attended by a staff of glittering officers from the mounted police and local regiments, the Lieutenant Governor entered the legislative hall. Preceding him was the sergeant-at-arms, and as that dignitary, carrying the mace of office in his hand, gave three sharp barks of "Order—Order—Order," the crowd surged to its feet.

Taking his seat at the speaker's desk His Honor proceeded to read the address from the throne, and as he finished a few of these nearest the door began to leave very quietly. Others stayed but the pomp and glitter of the opening of parliament was over for them, and after going outside to get opening only as a society event, would their way back to town.

Inside the majority waited, anxious to hear the report of the Waterways commission. This report, covering over sixty pages of typewritten foolscap is still being read as the Capital goes to press.

The speech from the throne, as delivered by His Honor, the Lieutenant Governor, is as follows:

By the gracious favour of His Majesty King George, by and with the advice of the Governor-General of Canada in Council, I again have the honour to invite you to give me your best assistance in the work of legislation in this the Second Session of the Second Legislature of the Province of Alberta.

Since the prorogation of the First Session of your Assembly the whole has been held with sympathy and the members of the body politic of the British Empire with profound feeling, the spectacle of national mourning presented by the funeral of our late beloved monarch, King Edward. For his successor, King George, we in common with all his subjects pray that he may enjoy a long and happy reign.

In a Province dependent for its prosperity to so great an extent on agricultural operations, a subject of outstanding importance is the result of the year's harvest. Now, the fairly comprehensive view can be taken of the results. I can say with confidence that, though there has been some suffering as a consequence of the extraordinarily dry weather which prevailed for a time, yet the effect of this was considerably exaggerated and the result has been to show that wherever proper farming methods have been employed they have received their reward in every part of the province. The premiums that have been awarded to the exhibitors of the Department of Agriculture at various Congresses held in the United States and in Canada, besides those taken by private exhibitors of Agricultural products and Live Stock have been very gratifying to me in common with you all, and have done much to assist the efforts which are now being made systematically by my Government to direct into the Province a tide of immigrants of the most approved character. Marked success has attended their efforts.

On receiving with profound regret the resignation of the First Executive Council of this Province I summoned the Hon. Arthur Lewis Sifton to assume the premiership. On accepting he was sworn as President of Council, Minister of Public Works and Provincial Treasurer, and completed my Government by the selection of the Hon. Charles H. Mitchell as Attorney General and Minister of Education, the Hon. Archibald McLean as Provincial Secretary, and the Hon. Duncan Marshall, a member of the late administration, as Minister of Agriculture. The task of directing the execution of the Government, and preparing the necessary measures of legislation, has been committed to these gentlemen. To the important Bills to be presented by them dealing with administrative, educational and other questions, as well as to the large number of private Bills which will be presented to you, I would ask your closest attention.

I have the honour to inform you that there has been presented to me a Report of the Royal Commission appointed in accordance with the terms of a Resolution of your House to inquire whether any and if any, which officer or officers of the Government, or member or members of the Legislature, were or are interested in connection with the creation of the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway Company, and the guaranteeing of its Bonds. This Report will be laid on the table for your information and consideration.

The Public Accounts and the Estimates will be laid before you at an early date.

I am sure that under the direction of Almighty God your deliberations on these and other matters will be for the welfare of the Province, directed, as they must be, by the sense of your supreme responsibility.

CONTRACTOR HERE.

Mr. O. Swanson a large C.N.R. contractor has arrived in town and is a guest at the Cecil Hotel. Mr. Swanson has a number of men on the C.N.R. branch from St. Albert who will be quitting work for the winter in a couple of days.

All work will be over in a few days and nothing more will be done until spring. There are about fifty miles of grade completed Mr. Swanson says.

Messrs. W. H. Clark and R. W. McKenzie were assisted yesterday by the Board of Trade to represent them on the committee, of which Mayor Lee is chairman, who are to arrange for evidence to be submitted to the commission on Technical Education which is to sit in Edmonton shortly.

Shilo's Cure
quickly cures all coughs, colds, the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

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WETASKIWIN TO YELLOWHEAD

Elevator City People Believe C. P. R. Will Go West From That Point

(Special to The Daily Capital.)

Wetaskiwin, Nov. 16.—That the C. P. R. may build westward from here is the belief held by prominent citizens here. It is pointed out that the big road is building a water reservoir at Big Lake to feed its tanks in the east end of the city. Already Saginaw has been spent improving and enlarging the freight yards and from some sources it is learned that more money will be spent in the next year.

From Red Deer comes the report that the C. P. R. will absorb the Alberta Central and start second westward-to-the-coast invasion from that place. The Alberta Central has built as far west as Mountain House and out of Red Deer to the East for a short distance. In connection with this report, the Alberta Central neither confirm nor deny that negotiations are under way.

COMMISSIONERS' MEETING.

The sliding bank question was again before the commissioners at their meeting yesterday afternoon, when a reply to Mr. Boulton's urgent plea that the public works department make some immediate action in the matter, was received from Hon. Wm. Pugsley, minister of public works, was read by the utilities commissioner. Mr. Pugsley in his letter stated that he realized the importance of the work of reclamation, yet he considered it a matter for the city or provincial authorities, rather than for the federal government, but agreed that it would be a good plan for the department and the city to co-operate. Before going any further, however he requested a proposition from the city as to what they would do. Beginner Voligny's report, he said, was expected in the near future by the department.

In commenting on the situation, Mr. Boulton explained the cause of the gateway in the bank and stated that unless immediate action was taken something very serious might happen at any time, and yet again nothing of such nature might ever occur for a generation.

"We're up against it, that all," said Mr. Boulton. "Something has got to be done to that bank. The government apparently condone their interest to a protection of the river bank and do not care much about the top of the hill. The sliding of the bank might continue for any distance. You never can tell when it will stop. Ultimately the sliding will stop but it will not be for a long time when the top of the bank ceases throwing its weight on the sliding mass."

After a discussion it was decided that the matter be brought in a formidable fight before the city council and that in the meantime the city engineer make an examination, and report on the seriousness of the situation. It will be recommended that the co-operation of the provincial and federal governments be sought in getting at the source of the trouble and devising means for remedying the evil.

Besides the discussion of the foregoing only matters of a routine nature were decided.

As the result of a complaint the commissioners decided that an investigation should be made into the sale of cigarettes to minors and also of the frequenting of pool rooms by youths of under age.

Hop's Bee Hive

TEA SERVED AT ALL HOURS
IN THE TEA ROOM
Phone 4102 51 Jasper W.

TORONTO LAWYER ASKS FOR NEW LAW

C. A. Masten, K.C., the Toronto lawyer who was reported in a dispatch as coming to Edmonton to advise the government in legal matters dealing with the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway arrived in the city this morning and registered at the Alberta Hotel. It was later understood that Mr. Masten's business was to interview the provincial attorney to look after. I have some professional matters to look after, too."

"While on the train," continued Mr. Masten, "an acquaintance spoke to me about the item connecting me with the Alberta and Great Waterways, and it was somewhat of a shock. I did not expect it."

At any rate, whatever connection Mr. Masten may have with A. & G. W. legislation, he admitted that he would interview the government in connection with the interprovincial reciprocal idea.

Mr. Masten explained that at the present time business throughout the country was retarded to some extent through the dissimulation of corporation laws existing in the various provinces, and that the proposal was to reconcile them as far as possible, even to the abolition by all the provinces of the license fee charged by each with the exception of Quebec, of companies incorporated by the Dominion government or by the provinces, before they can operate in another.

"The accomplishment of the latter can hardly be expected, though," said Mr. Masten, "because all of the provinces are poor and require revenue from whatever source they can get it."

LADIES' CURLING CLUB.

The annual meeting of the Ladies' Edmonton Curling Club will be held at the residence of Mrs. R. Percy Barnes, 405 Elfrida street, on Monday next at 3 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

SKATING CLUB

At a well attended meeting of the skating club, held yesterday afternoon the following officers were elected for the coming winter: President, P. Hardisty; secretary, treasurer, Campbell Young; committee, Messrs. Strachan, Babbitt, Davies, Bowman, Baldwin and Seath.

The first meeting will probably be held Monday evening at the Thistle Rink.

SUPREME COURT.

The case of Gillespie vs. Clover Bar Coal Co. was called in the Supreme court yesterday morning. The dispute arises out of an agreement entered into by Dr. Gillespie of Edmonton, to attend the men employed by the Coal Co. for the sum of \$1 per month. A subsequent agreement whereby Dr. Gillespie was to buy stock and be appointed a director of the company, complicated matters. The appointment failed to be made and an indebtedness of the company was carried over on the books for some time owing to the previous arrangement.

Dr. Gillespie now sues the company for \$31.65 and interest from January 1st, 1909; also for a refund of \$200 paid on \$1,000 worth of shares in the company.

Col. Edwards appears for the plaintiff, C. L. Freeman for the defence.

Large stock of Royal Crown derby just arrived. Ash Bros.

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No matter where you live, whether you live within a stone's throw of our place, or 500 miles away, or halfway, we have a system of getting your work to us without it costing you but a postcard, letter or telephone message giving the order. Price card and shipping tags are free for the asking.

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TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.
LOST—A SMALL, WHITE TOM cat; two dark ears, two dark spots on one side and black tail Return to 445 Saskatchewan street and receive reward.
AFTER DEC. 1ST A NURSE would like a position as assistant in doctor's office or private work in Edmonton. Best references. Address 353 14th Ave. West, Calgary. 9-12

AUCTION SALE

On Thursday, November 10th, at 7.30. When the following goods will be sold:
1 Kitchen Range.
No. 9 Cook Stove.
Heaters.
Iron Brass Mounted Bdes, Mattresses and springs, dressers and stands.
Sideboards.
Davenport upholstered in plush.
Davenport upholstered in velvet.
Folding Couches.
Parlor Couches.
Parlor Suite upholstered in silk Venetian.
Round solid oak dining table.
Sft. extension dining tables.
Kitchen Tables and Chairs.
Solid Oak Hall rack.
Combination writing desk and bookcase.
Singer sewing machine.
Child's cradle.
Parlor pool table.
Counter computing scale.
Plush table spread, cost \$25.00.
Refrigerators.
2 Sofa pillows, 1 Wilton carpet, large.
A large quantity of bed clothes, etc.
Linoleum.
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